



# THE STANDARD.

RALEIGH:  
THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 4, 1836.

THE PEOPLE against THE BANK.  
Martin Van Buren, for President.  
Richard M. Johnson, for Vice President.

**THE WHIG MEETING.**  
In another column of today's paper, will be found the proceedings of the "whig" meeting which took place in this city on Saturday last, in accordance with previous notice given in the whig and anti-whig papers, as also in flaming handbills plentifully stuck up at taverns, blacksmiths' shops and lamp posts. Something like 70 persons, very respectable in the aggregate, (although far from being respectable in numbers, for a county containing upwards of 20,000 inhabitants) participated in the proceedings, which were characterized by a proper decorum, and all things considered, by a commendable moderation.

**President and Vice President.**—It will be seen that Judge Wirtz of Tennessee, and Mr. TYLER of Virginia, have been adopted as the whig candidates for President and Vice President of the United States; and that

**For Governor,** Gen. EDWARD B. DUDLEY of Wilmington, has been nominated as the whig candidate. This is all just as we expected; and the latter nomination is in fulfillment of our predictions, that Mr. Massey, after having been used by the allies, whigs and nullifiers, as an instrument to rake their chesnuts out of the fire, would be reined off the political course, to make room for (as they would no doubt hope) a more available candidate. We are tempted, however, again to predict, that the events of next August will demonstrate to them, that good faith is as cardinal a virtue in connexion with party politics, as when practised with regard to international intercourse.

**Candidates for General Assembly.**—The meeting like to have gotten into a snarl, about a proposition of Turner Pullen, Esq. for going into a nomination of Candidates for the next Legislature. Mr. Pullen having accompanied his proposition by a recommendation of Weston R. Gales for the Senate, and Allen Rogers, Jr., George W. Haywood, and Alfred Jones, Esqs. for the Commons.

**Thomas J. Lemay, Esq.** expressed a doubt as to the propriety of making such a nomination at this time. They had met for a specific purpose, and this was not one of the objects designated in the call of the meeting. No one more highly esteemed the individuals named, nor would be ready, when the question should be presented, more cordially to unite in their support, than himself. But he would suggest to the meeting, whether this was the most suitable time and occasion for bringing forward legislative candidates.

**Charles Manly, Esq.** was also of opinion, that this meeting had better refrain from going into the nomination just proposed. It had not been customary, in this county, for candidates for the Assembly to be brought out at so early a period as the month of January. Moreover, the people not having been notified of any intention to nominate legislative candidates at this meeting, they might think it savored too much of *clandestine* (or *deceitful*) as some one near ejaculated for the meeting, "they who should be candidates, not be candidates. And besides, all the gentlemen named as suitable candidates, were present in this meeting, taking a prominent part in its proceedings; which might subject them to the imputation of having officiously procured their own nomination. Mr. Manly would therefore take the liberty of suggesting, as the more proper course, that the whig Editors of this city be requested to notify the call of another meeting, say, at April or May court, for the purpose of nominating candidates for the General Assembly.

Mr. Pullen finally waived his proposition; the suggestions of Messrs. Lemay and Manly were acquiesced in, and consequently no nomination of legislative candidates was made.

**Committees of Vigilance.**—David Outland, Esq. rose and remarked, that in order to bring about concert of action, and certainty of purpose, among the opponents of the "Magician of Kinderhook"—that is to be enabled to contend with any prospect of success, against the disciplined band who follow in the train of power, kept together by the common interest of monopolizing and living upon the offices of the people, it was vitally important for them, the friends of free government, to organize. And the reader made which suggested itself, was to form committees of vigilance throughout the county; and he concluded by moving, that the Chairman of the meeting appoint a committee of vigilance, consisting of ten members, in each Captain's district of the county.

Capt. A. J. Lawrence, who may readily be supposed to have a more accurate statistical knowledge of the county than the gentleman last above named, and who doubtless knows better what is the real whig strength of Wake, very prudently suggested, that it be left discretionary with the Chairman, to appoint such number on the committee in each Captain's district as circumstances might warrant. "For a meeting, I very truly remarked, it might be found difficult to muster a committee of modern 'whigs,' we presume he meant in strong with in the bounds of some of the companies in the county."

Capt. L's suggestion was very properly acceded to. When it was resolved, that every gentleman participating in the proceedings of the meeting, be considered, *ex officio*, a member of one or another of the committees of vigilance.

**Order, decorum, &c.**—Upon the whole, this meeting was a very respectable and orderly conducted affair, and contrasted most favorably with a whig assemblage which took place at the Government House in this City, in May last—some of the deeds done at which, we chronicled at the time. At last Saturday's meeting, a very moderate share indeed of party bitterness was manifested; and comparatively but few outbreaks of abuse against Gen. Jackson, Mr. Van Buren and the democratic party, took place. Indeed, so little popping up of orators was there, that an unaccounted looker on might have been excused for imagining himself in the midst of a Quaker Meeting, instead of a modern "whig" one! But a great depression of mercury in the whig thermometer, is supposed to have been the cause. A biting Van Buren South-wester having for two or three days prevailed, most of the whigs showed strong marks of the blighting effects of a "White frost!"

We had expected, when we wrote the foregoing, that the "Register" of Tuesday would contain the proceedings of the meeting; but it does not. The substance of most of what was said and done, however, will be learned from our sketch above.

We would refer the reader to the 4th page (outside) of to-day's Standard, for the remarks of Mr. Guilan of Macon, delivered in the House of Commons, on the land resolutions. We shall follow them up with the speeches of other Members on the same subject, in successive numbers of our paper.

## Great Triumph of Principle!

In a Postscript to our last week's paper, we announced the gratifying information of the election of the Hon. ROBERT J. WALKER to the Senate of the United States from the State of Mississippi: the intelligence has since been confirmed; and Mr. Walker has doubtless ere this, taken his seat in the Senate—as has also Col. Nicholas, the particulars of whose election from Louisiana, in place of Mr. Gayarre, resigned, we gave in our last. The noble manner in which Mississippi has repudiated the political heresies of the pie-bald opposition, and proclaimed her adherence to Republican principles, by triumphantly electing so able and fearless a champion of democracy as ROBERT J. WALKER, has redeemed the character of the United States Senate, and put an end to the reign of nullification and whiggery in that body—parties being now balanced 24 to 24, with the casting vote resting with the Vice President, as will appear from the following table:

For the Administ.	Against it.
Indiana 2	Massachusetts 2
Illinois 2	R. Island 2
Missouri 2	Vermont 2
Louisiana 1	Connecticut 1
Mississippi 1	New Jersey 1
Tennessee 1	Delaware 2
Alabama 2	Maryland 2
Georgia 2	Virginia 1
North Carolina 1	Ohio 1
Maine 1	Kentucky 2
New Hampshire 1	Tennessee 2
Connecticut 1	Louisiana 1
New York 2	Mississippi 1
New Jersey 1	Alabama 1
Pennsylvania 2	S. Carolina 1
Ohio 2	N. Carolina 1
24	24

It will be seen we have put down the "little spotted pig" from Tennessee, to the opposition: "he kept running about so," that we could not count him among the Democrats. And withal, the Republican party in the Senate can spare him—they are now under no necessity of depending on politicians who, like Paddy's fleas, "when you put your finger on them, are not there."

The curious reader will not fail to remark the coincidence, of not only an equal division of Senators, but of States, in the Senate—there being eight States with two Van Buren Senators each, and eight with two opposition each; as also, eight States with one Van Buren Senator each, and eight with one opposition.

The downfall of whiggery and nullification in the Senate, is a source of sincere gratulation to the entire democracy of the land—to the honest Republicans of the whole country. And it must be a triumph peculiarly grateful to the venerable Patriot at the head of the nation. He may now expect to be aided, in both branches of the national legislature, in carrying out that wise and salutary course of policy, by which he has so anxiously endeavored to sustain the honor and promote the weal of the country, and advance the prosperity and happiness of the people.

And every true Republican must rejoice at the prospect now afforded the able and fearless BEXFORD, of speedily accomplishing his patriotic purpose of expunging from the journals of the Senate, that foul blot, Mr. Clay's Resolution of censure against the President for the removal of the deposits.

In consequence of a tie in the Senate, the responsibility will doubtless frequently devolve on the Vice President of giving the casting vote on important measures of the Administration, and on the confirmation of appointments. The hopes of the Republicans of the Union will, therefore, rest upon the manner in which this important constitutional privilege will be exercised by the Vice President. But in Mr. Van Buren's uniform and consistent adherence to the great principles of the democratic party—his ardent devotion to the honor and welfare of the whole country, and his unshaken firmness, and determined purpose in whatever he undertakes—the Republicans of the Union have a sure reliance, a safe guarantee, that the honor and real interests of the whole people, could not be entrusted to safer, better, or more patriotic hands.

## INDIANA.

**A Democratic Convention assembled at Indianapolis on the 8th January.** Upwards of 300 delegates were present; harmony prevailed throughout their proceedings; the nominations of Van Buren and Johnson, for President and Vice President, were unanimously concurred in, and the following gentlemen recommended as candidates for Electors:

John Myers of Knox county, William Rockhill of Allen, Jonathan Williams of Morgan, George W. Moore of Owen, William B. White of Fountain, Jesse Jackson of Scott, Martinus Willet, of Rush, Elisha Long, of Henry, and Thomas C. Stewart of Pike.

No doubt is, in reality, entertained, even by the whigs themselves, but what the Democratic ticket above will be elected triumphantly next November. Whiggery has but a slippery foot-hold in Indiana.

**Mr. Ewing, of Illinois.**—"Both parties claim Mr. Ewing," says the last "Register." When he takes his seat, doubt will then yield to certainty; continues the same paper. Well, Mr. Ewing has taken his seat; and on his way to Washington from Illinois, he authorized the Cincinnati papers to say, that "Mr. Ewing was one of the first men to raise the Van Buren and Johnson flag in Illinois. He has always been a decided and staunch democrat, and goes to Washington city, not as an adjunct of Whiggism, but an able and honest supporter of the administration and its measures."

We wonder if the "Register" is now satisfied which party has the rightful claim to Mr. Ewing? "Drowning men catch at straws;" and a sinking party will seize the skirts of every distinguished individual that comes in their way, with the desperate hope that he may lend assistance to keep their ships above water.

## LOUISIANA SENATOR.

From extracts of letters published in the Globe, we take the following: "Previous to the election of the Democratic Republicans of the Legislature had a meeting, and agreed to vote for that man as Senator who received the greatest number of votes at that meeting. Col. Nicholas, John Grymes, and Martin Penn, were the persons presented to the meeting from whom the selection was to be made. Col. Nicholas obtained the majority of votes, and the members of the meeting honorably redeemed the pledge they had given by supporting him to a man. Col. Nicholas declared his intention not only to support cordially the Administration, but also to support Mr. Van Buren. He is a man of honour and character."

Colonel Nicholas is the son of the celebrated Wilson C. Nicholas of Virginia, distinguished for the commanding influence with which he aided in the election of Mr. Jefferson, and for his masterly display in the Virginia Convention on the adoption of the Federal Constitution.

**Alabama.**—The Legislature of Alabama adjourned on the 9th ult. after a session of near eight weeks. 230 acts were passed, including joint resolutions, memorials, &c. At no previous session, says the Tuscaloosa Flag, has so much and such important public business been transacted.

## FROM WASHINGTON.

A friend in writing us from Washington, under date of 25th ult., says: "We have just had in the House one of the most violent, vindictive attacks on the Administration, from Mr. Wise of Virginia, that I ever before witnessed. He is an obsequious friend of Judge White, and is backed and encouraged by Messrs. Bell, Peyton, and other devoted partisans of the Judge. Indeed, the White faction are the most vindictive enemies the President and the Administration have in Congress."

This attack is in accordance with the course of the White organ in this city, "The Sun," and also in union with the attack made by the Judge himself in the Senate, the other day, under the pretence of refusing the charges of a Mr. Curry, a Government agent among the Cherokees. The Judge and his partisans have been clandestinely opposing the Administration ever since the latter end of the last session of Congress; but this is the first time they have openly broken ground in undisguised opposition, altho it has long been looked for by both parties.

"Since the White faction have thrown off the cloak of pretended friendship for the President, you may expect to hear of most singular scenes in the American Congress. The desperation of the opposition leaders, will goad them to attempt any and every thing, in either house, to agitate and drive the people to madness. A bloody revolution in our happy country, would no doubt be very acceptable, at this time, to these reckless politicians."

**Mr. BYNUM'S REMARKS.**—In publishing the remarks of the Hon. Mr. Bynum, delivered in the House of Representatives on the 4th ult. several errors occurred, which we hasten to correct. Mr. Bynum's remarks were made in reference to the petition presented to Congress for the abolition of slavery in the District of Columbia. Below we re-print the sentences containing the errors, putting the corrections in *italics*.

"He repeated it, that he was not sent here to pass on and settle the rights of his people, or constituents, to their property. Whenever that was invaded, it would not be settled here, but on the battle field."

Again: "He was determined that they should know it on the first and every occasion, &c. instead of the last." &c.

Further on: "The cases alluded to by his honorable friend from Ohio, (Mr. Hamer) he thought perfectly analogous—the gentleman from Massachusetts to the contrary notwithstanding."

Still further: "But the venerable gentleman from Massachusetts, said he objected to the similitude and analogy of the two cases."

And in the last paragraph, where it says "that the Speaker had quoted a precedent of eighteen years standing, to justify his discussion"—it should be, "to justify his decision"—the word "discussion," in that particular position, making nonsense.

The above are so palpable errors of the press, that, under ordinary circumstances, we might not have found it necessary specially to notice them; but being aware that the whigs and nullifiers in Mr. Bynum's district, are active and embittered against him, and might be disposed to turn the most trivial circumstances to his and the Administration's disadvantage, we have thought it due to Mr. Bynum, and to the Democratic party in his district, among whom our paper circulates extensively, to make a prompt correction of these errors of the press, to prevent Mr. B's sentiments from being misrepresented by the malicious, or misunderstood by the well-meaning.

In our next paper, we shall give the remarks of Mr. Bynum on the Navy Appropriation bill, delivered on the 16th ult.

## FRENCH INSOLENCE.

We take the following from the Fredericksburg Arena, a respectable whig paper: "Mr. Pagot, late Charge of the French Government, before leaving this country, gave for publication to the N. Y. Journal of Commerce, the letter of the Duke de Broglie, which was informally communicated to Mr. Forsyth in September last. Mr. Forsyth would not avail himself of the suggestions it contained on the subject of the formal character of the letter. Our readers are aware of the noise which this affair of the 'suppressed letter' has made."

There is one point of view, in which we think the publication of this letter highly improper. Mr. Pagot has done that, for merely threatening to do which, the recall of GENET was demanded by General Washington—he has appealed from the decision of the Executive to the judgment of the people. The indecency and impudence of such an act, on the part of a diplomatic agent of a foreign government ought not to be countenanced. Mr. Pagot has, in permitting it first to be made public on this side the Atlantic, in our apprehension, insulted the Government of the U. States. In the event of an amicable adjustment of present difficulties, our Government ought not to receive Mr. Pagot in any diplomatic character.

## FORTIFICATIONS.

We learn that the estimates have been sent by the War Department to the proper committees, for such expenditures as appear to be called for the purposes of national defence. The amount is, for fortifications, \$5,000,000. For the armament of fortifications, powder, shot, &c. 1,373,748.

Making an aggregate of six million three hundred and seventy three thousand seven hundred and forty eight dollars.

This is independent of the ordinary appropriations for arsenals, armories, &c. Of the amount, \$650,000 is estimated for steam batteries.

If these sums are granted, our sea-coast will soon be put in a proper state of defence. *Globe*.

**Post Office established in North Carolina,** during the week ending 20th ult.: Pitt's X Roads, Edgecombe county, Jacob P. Pitt, P. M.; Stockville, Buncombe co. Nehemiah Blackstock, P. M.; Lapland, Burcombe, David Vance, P. M.

**Offices discontinued.** Greensville, Yancy county; Catawba Springs, Lincoln county; Sandy Bottom, Macon county; M'Kinnies Mills, Wayne county; Mintonville, Gates county; Little Creek, Pitt county; Tunnell, Lincoln county; Dancy's Store, Northampton county.

**Change of Name.** Northampton Court House, changed to Jackson.

**Appointment.** John H. Pearson, Whiteland, Burke county.

**COLD WEATHER.**—During a few days last week, and in the beginning of this, the weather has been exceedingly cold. We have not ascertained what was the precise state of the thermometer; but the sensibilities of every one must have told him that the cold was intense. Those who possess ice Houses, have had an admirable opportunity of filling them with as fine ice as is generally procured in this latitude.

**New Newspapers in N. C.**—John Gray Bynum proposes to publish the *Carolina Gazette*, at Ruthersfordton, Zevely and West *The Lincolnton News*, at Lincolnton; and Benjamin Swaim the *South-east Citizen*, at New Salem, Randolph county. The two former are to be political, and promise to oppose the election of the democratic candidates for President and Vice President, Messrs. Van Buren and Johnson; and the latter says "all parties shall have fair play."

**Melancholy Casualty.**—We learn from the New York Evening Star, that the steam-packer Wm. Gibbons, while entering the Bay of New York from Charleston, 21st ult. burst her boiler, by which six lives were lost. Several others were badly scalded.

One of the individuals afflicted with the small pox at Newbern, died on the 29th ult. No new case has been reported.

## SUPREME COURT.

William S. Ashe, of Wilmington, William F. Davidson, of Charlotte, and Michael Francis, of Haywood county, have been admitted to Superior Court practice; and Abraham F. Morehead, of Rockingham, to County Court practice.

The important cases of Falls & Co. v. Birchett & Co. v. Falls & Co. involving the right to a valuable Gold Mine on King's mountain, occupied the Court from Thursday, the 21st, till Saturday, the 30th inst., and was argued by Badger, Salter, Gam, Wincher and first trip on for Carpenter's Heirs, and A. W. Thompson of S. Carolina, and Devereux and Iredell, for Birchett & Co.

**Monday, Feb. 1.**—State v. Williams, argued by the Attorney General for the State, and Pearson for the defendant.

**State v. Dickens,** submitted by the Attorney General for the State.

**McCorkle et al. v. Stokes et al.,** submitted by Pearson for plaintiffs.

**Thursday, Feb. 2.**—Worth et al. v. McAden et al. argued by Winston for plaintiff, and Badger for defendant.

**Steam Boat E. D. Macnair.**—We learn from the Washington, N. C. Whig, that the Steam-Boat E. D. Macnair, built at that place during the past season by Messrs. Tannehill and Laverdier, has been finished; and, under the command of Capt. Cunningham, made her first trip on the 15th ult. with a party of ladies and gentlemen on board, and visited the ancient town of Bath—the oldest in North Carolina. The boat worked well, sailing at the rate of 9 miles an hour, with only 20 horse power engine. Much praise is bestowed on the enterprising proprietors, Messrs. Tannehill and Laverdier, for having built the first steam-boat within the limits of North Carolina, and intended for the waters of the State.

"Singular prosperity (says the writer) has followed the wake of the noble exertions of these gentlemen. Two years ago, they erected their steam saw mill here, which now daily turns out about 20,000 feet of lumber; they next erected their four great distilleries, which require about 100 barrels of turpentine per day. Suddenly trade and industry felt a new impulse, and property rose in value. The march of improvement was onward. The hum of business grew louder and louder, and the arriving and departing caravans, and the noisy 'yeo, heave O' of the jolly men, proclaimed the rising fortunes of this port. And to crown all, the location of the Branch of the Cape Fear Bank, at this place, has followed in the train of these spirit stirring events."

**Gen. Thomas G. Polk,** of Salisbury, has declined the nomination for Governor, made by the Salisbury Carolinian. The General's letter was not before us, when we penned the article of last week, stating, "ingenuously and above board," a simple fact, in these words: "We now find the names of Gen. Edward B. Dudley of Wilmington, and Gen. Thomas Gilchrist Polk of Salisbury, brought forward through the Fayetteville and Salisbury papers, for Chief Executive of the State."

Were these not facts? Is there anything "disingenuous" in the announcement? So the "Register" might as well keep good natured about the matter. It has an uphill business, we know, in its endeavors to sustain a bad cause; but an indulgence in *bad temper*, only makes things worse.

**Cabarrus County.**—A whig meeting was held at Concord, Tuesday of January Court; Gen. Wm. Allen in the chair, and Dr. Kiah Pryor Harris acting as secretary. Gen. Paul Barringer, and John Phifer, Esq., who have been the standing political orators of that old Federal county for some 20 or 30 years—addressed the meeting, and produced resolutions, *cut and stitched*, denouncing the "little Magician," of course, all which the people who had gathered round them, indignantly swelled, as was to be expected. Every man (and boy, too, we saw) in the county, who it was thought might support the federal whig side, was put on the committee of vigilance. 103 names (as near as we can count), appear on the committee! On these, we suppose the party think they have a political lien.

**White whiggery defunct in Mississippi.**—It appears that Resolutions were introduced into the Mississippi House of Representatives, nominating Judge White for the Presidency; but were rejected, by a majority of *twelve votes*. It is stated in the Nashville Union, that these resolutions were a copy of those written by Mr. Bell for the Tennessee legislature.

**And in Tennessee,** a rapid reaction is going on. 321 new subscribers were received by the Nashville Union, in less than 20 days: a majority of the freemen of Hickman county, have instructed their members to vote for the expunging Resolution, in a large meeting of citizens at Sullivan county, in *East Tennessee*; has been held, the nomination of Van Buren and Johnson approved, and their member instructed to vote for the expunging resolutions. Tennessee will soon be regenerated!

**French Question.**—The documents accompanying the President's message to Congress, on the subject of our difficulties with France, will be found in preceding columns of to-day's Standard. An examination of these, must satisfy every American of a patriotic nation, of the rights and honor of his country, that the arrogant tone, and the extraordinary demands of the French Government, would have warranted much stronger measures on our part, than those recommended by President Jackson. Yet there are those, and in high places too, with American blood flowing in their veins, who denounce the Administration and vilify the President, for taking precautionary measures of defence, when a formidable armament is approaching our shores to intimidate us into a compliance with the insolent demands of a whiferal nation! Such men, though American they may be by birth, are *alien at heart*, and deserve the execration of every true friend of his country.

**Wilmington and Roanoke Rail Road.**—We learn from the Tarboro Press, that it is intended to run this Road direct from Wilmington to the Roanoke; that it will pass through Edgecombe, and probably the town of Tarboro, should the subscriptions in that quarter warrant it.

**A shooting match in Carter county,** Tennessee, an affray took place, during which a man by the name of Williams was killed with the barrel of a gun: the perpetrator of the act was lodged in jail.

Negro man Sampson, who ran away from his master in Tennessee, and came to his former master in Ashe county in this State. A deputy Sheriff being in the act of apprehending him, the negro was shot and mortally wounded by the latter.

**Mail Robbery.**—We learn from an advertisement of the Post Master at Richmond, that it has been ascertained a stage driver between that city and Fredericksburg, by the name of Richard Hawkins, has been in the habit of purloining money, drafts, &c. from the mail. He was taken into custody on the 21st ult. by Mr. Bryd Fager, a police officer of Richmond, but soon effected his escape, by knocking down Fager with a fence paling. He was seen on the road to Fredericksburg; the Post Master had offered a reward of \$100 for him; and it was thought he could not escape apprehension.

**Lieut. Keays, and Dr. Galtin,** who were among the slain of Major Dade's detachment, in Florida, were natives of North Carolina. Both gallant young men.

**The Camden Journal,** we are glad to perceive, has re-appeared—published and owned by Mr. Robert McKnight: John C. West, Esq. will continue to edit the paper. We wish it success.

## Wilmington, Jan. 29.

Cotton 13; Flour 7 to 8, rice 24 to 34, corn 75 per bushel, butter 18 to 21, apple brandy 37, whiskey 37, sugar 18 to 21, turpentine 1 1/2, tar 1 50, rosin 1 50 to 2.

**Fayetteville, Jan. 23.**—Cotton 13 to 13 1/2, bacon 9 to 11, corn 50 to 60 per bushel, flour 6 25 to 6 50, tobacco (leaf) 5 1/2 to 6, wool 16, peach brandy 50, apple do. 27 to 30, whiskey 30.

**Cherry, Jan. 25.**—Cotton 11 to 14 25, flour 7 to 8, corn 50 to 52, bacon 10 to 12 1/2.

**Columbia, Jan. 23.**—Cotton 13 to 14 1/2, bacon 8 to 10, hams 14 to 16, flour 9 to 10, whiskey 43 to 45.

**Richmond, Jan. 29.**—Flour 6 62 to 6 75; wheat, red 1 30, white 1 35; pork, demand brisk; at wholesale \$6, retail \$8 50, cotton 14 1/2 to 15.

**Petersburg, Jan. 28.**—During this week the demand for Cotton has been more active, and sales to some extent made at 14 1/2 to 15 cents. Receipts have been very moderate.

**Petersburg Market, Feb. 1.**—Cotton continues in fair demand at 15 cents for good quality. *Intelligencer.*

## MARRIED.

In Fayetteville, 26th ult. Henry M'Lean to Sophia Hyatt Weeks.

In Moore county, 21st ult. Dr. James A. Kelly to Margaret Patterson.

In New Hanover county, 21st ult. by Lewis H. Marshall, Esq. John M'Austin, Jr., to Ann Elizabeth Perry.

On the 20th ult. Wm. Barnett of Granville county, N. C. to Frances Daniel of Maclellanburg, Virginia.

In Bertie, 14th ult. Frederick Lawrence to Martha Dunston. Also, Frederick C. Miller to Mary Jordan.

In Elizabeth City, 21st ult. Thomas Allen to Mrs. Nancy Harwood.

In Mecklenburg county, 16th ult. John Alwood to Sarah Miller.

In Ashe county, 12th ult. Obediah Garry to Mary Southerland. Also, 18th ult. Solomon Perkins to Sarah Treasaway. Also, Edmund Burgess to Mary Stringer.

On the 18th ult. by Wm. P. Wagh, Esq. Jno. Jenkins of Columbia, S. C. to Rhoda Church of Wilkes county, N. C.

In Yancy county, 14th ult. Col. Joseph Shepherd of Macon, to Miss Rachel, daughter of major George Wilson of Yancy county.

In Surry county, 7th ult. Benet Sealman to Julia Todd. Also, Williamson Williams to Ruth Clanton.

In Edgecombe county, 21st ult. James Long to Mary Louisa Lawrence, daughter of the Rev. Joshua Lawrence.

In Martin county, 14th ult. Hardy H. Brown to Charity Cowley; also, Alexander S. Witley to Emily E. Philpott; also, on the 19th, Seth Evans to Marina Hyman; also, Thomas Pugh to Jennet Cloman; also, on the 21st, Imri Egan to Sarah Medford.

On 13th ult. major Robert Harris of Orange county, to Catherine Bullock of Granville co.

In Guilford county, 7th ult. Asa Hodgkin to Betsey Northum.

Also, on the 14th, John Leonard to Louisa Macy.

## DIED.

In Rowan county, 19th ult. Mrs. Margaret Locke, wife of Richard Locke.

In Fayetteville, 24th ult. Mrs. Margaret Blake, wife of Isham Blake, Jr. Also, same night, John Ingram.

In Lower Fayetteville, 8th ult. Mrs. Nancy Cole, aged 64; and on the 22nd, Mrs. Lucy Reid, mother of Mrs. Cole, aged 75.

At the house of Wm. P. Taylor, Esq. in Franklin county, 24th ult. Mrs. Martha Taylor, in the 87th year of her age. She met death with great calmness, expressing a firm trust in, and reliance on, the atonement of Christ—"Blessed are they that put their trust in Him."

In Newbern, 23rd ult. Mrs. Ann Maria Nelson, consort of Chas. C. Nelson, aged 19.

In Craven county, 23d ult. Peter K. Yates, aged 69. Also, 17th ult. Elizabeth Oliver, consort of Richard P. Oliver, aged 63.

In Chowan county, 23d ult. Wm. Righton, Esq. a respectable farmer.

In Bertie county, Thomas Gill, aged about 18.

In Pasquotank county, 16th ult. Mr. Hezekiah Jackson, aged about 60 years.

In the town of Halifax, 23d ult. after a short but severe illness, Ambrose H. Litchford. He was in the prime of life, and much to be regretted that he should have been cut off so early.

Being a member of the Roanoke Blues, and also of the Lodge, military and Masonic honors were paid to his remains.

In Ashe county, 14th ult. Peter Bowers, much lamented by those who knew him.

In Edgecombe county, recently, Thomas Lyon, an aged and much respected planter.

In Pitt county, on the 21st December, 1835, Elder Nath'l Lockhart, aged 64 years, for 21 of which he was a zealous pastor in the Free-will Baptist Church.

At Chapel Hill, on the 7th ult. Charles Chalmers, Esq. formerly a merchant in Fayetteville, but for the last eleven years a resident of Chapel Hill, in the 67th year of his age.

In Caswell county, on the 19th inst. Mrs. Susanna Anderson, wife of Quinton Anderson, Esq. in the 52d year of her age.

## State of North Carolina.